STATE OF CALIFORNIA

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AND REHABILITATION

PRISON INDUSTRY BOARD

PUBLIC MEETING

FRIDAY, APRIL 27, 2012

THE BOARD OF PAROLE HEARINGS

1515 K STREET

SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA

REPORTED BY:

ESTHER F. SCHWARTZ CSR NO. 1564

1	ATTENDEES
2	BOARD MEMBERS:
3	MATTHEW CATE, CHAIR
4	ESTEBAN ALMANZA
5	GEORGE CHAPJIAN (Telephonically)
6	WILLIAM DAVIDSON
7	CURTIS KELLY
8	KIRA MASTELLER (Telephonically)
9	BRUCE SAITO (Telephonically)
10	DARSHAN SINGH
11	MICHELE STEEB
12	RAY TRUJILLO
13	JEANNE WOODFORD
14	STAFF:
15	CHARLES L. PATTILLO, EXECUTIVE OFFICER
16	SCOTT WALKER
17	ERIC RESLOCK
18	MARISELA MONTES
19	CARLA YOUNG
20	BEN WALD
21	PHYLLIS GUARE
22	COUNSEL:
23	JEFF SLY
24	
25	Continued

1	ATTENDEES (CONT.)
2	CDCR STAFF:
3	KATHLEEN ALLISON
4	DGS STAFF:
5	FRAN ARCHULETTA
6	MATT BENDER
7	SPEAKERS FOR ITEM 5D:
8	MARK NOBILI
9	STEVEN GUY
10	ADAM LOVEALL
11	BRETT NELSON
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1	Sacramento, California
2	Friday, April 27, 2011, 12:10 P.M.
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4	CHAIR CATE: Call this meeting of the
5	Prison Industry Boar to order. Why don't we begin
6	by asking the Board secretary to call the roll.
7	MS. GUARE: Good morning, everybody.
8	Member Almanza.
9	MEMBER ALMANZA: Here.
10	MS. GUARE: Member Chapjian.
11	MEMBER CHAPJIAN: Here.
12	MS. GUARE: Member Davidson.
13	MEMBER DAVIDSON: Here.
14	MS. GUARE: Member Kelly.
15	MEMBER KELLY: Here.
16	MS. GUARE: Member Masteller.
17	MEMBER MASTELLER: Here.
18	MS. GUARE: Member Saito.
19	MEMBER SAITO: Here.
20	MS. GUARE: Member Singh.
21	MEMBER SINGH: Here.
22	MS. GUARE: Member Steeb.
23	MEMBER STEEB: Here.
24	MS. GUARE: Member Trujillo.
25	MEMBER TRUJILLO: Here.

1 MS. GUARE: Member Woodford. 2 MEMBER WOODFORD: Here. 3 MS. GUARE: And Chair Cate. 4 CHAIR CATE: Here. 5 MS. GUARE: Chair Cate, we have a quorum. 6 CHAIR CATE: Thank you very much. 7 And a good afternoon, everyone. Thank you for 8 being here today. I want to welcome members of the public and PIA staff and, of course, our Board. 9 10 we have the pleasure today to welcome Michele Steeb 11 who is joining us as a recent appointment of 12 Governor Brown. 13 Welcome. Good to have you here today. 14 Ms. Steeb, as I understand, was Executive Director of St. John's Shelter. 15 16 Is that right? 17 MEMBER STEEB: Still is. 18 CHAIR CATE: I shouldn't say was. Is the Director. And that is a shelter that serves women 19 20 and children and people in need. 21 Did you want to say a few words by way of 22 introduction? 23 MEMBER STEEB: I'm delighted and honored to 24 be serving with you, and thank you very much for 25 having me.

CHAIR CATE: We look forward to having you here and joining us as we work through the issues, not only today, but throughout year. I think your insights will be very helpful. That's great.

Before we begin with our action items, on the phone, Chuck, who do we have today?

MR. PATTILLO: Member Chapjian, Member Saito and Member Masteller. They are calling in from the Long Beach, Department of Parks and Recreation, at a publicly noticed location.

CHAIR CATE: Terrific.

For those of you who weren't able to make it, we had a great time with our staff at the National Correctional Industries Conference earlier this month. I had the pleasure of providing the keynote. I want to congratulate staff. They did a great job in putting on the conference. It was very well attended from industries across the country, and I thought we showed off pretty well.

Any comments, either Scott or Chuck, about the conference you would like to make?

MR. PATTILLO: Actually, the NCIA staff would like to do it in California every year because it was the easiest conference they've ever had. The other industry directors had said we kind of put the

bar a little high for them. We had some pretty incredible training for two days.

As Matt was saying, we had 46 states show up, as well as two or three folks from foreign countries. And very well attended by not only our staff, but also by Department of Corrections staff. And the last part was a Folsom tour. We never had an NCIA tour literally sell out before it started. We had 76 people that did the Folsom tour. Thanks to Rick Hill, the warden out there, who kind of came out and showed up and put on a show for us.

MR. WALKER: If I could, real quick. Chuck touched on the logistics for putting something like on are tremendous. And the staff, and marketing staff, did a tremendous job of doing that. Comments we got back were flawless, seamless, Chuck set the bar pretty high. It all started with Mr. Cate's Keynote speech. He hit the mark. He talked about the impact and the importance of industries on people's lives and changing lives. It started out with a bang and was a really, really good show.

CHAIR CATE: Thank you, Scott and Chuck. Appreciate that.

So just a couple of matters that are going on in Corrections that might be worth discussing. One

is we are continuing to implement public safety realignment. And that is having an impact on the prisons and, therefore, on PIA. Since realignment began on October 1st, the prisons have reduced population by about 22,000. So, obviously, that is the same size as most medium state corrections departments, and that's been, I know, a strain on PIA.

As we have seen our population go down and we ask PIA to continue to perform at their usual standards, that is not easy. But it is helping tremendously with the difficulties we had at reception centers. And I think it's going to make it easier to get out of federal court lawsuits.

That leads to the next item. The administration has put out a document called "The Future of California Corrections - A Blueprint to Save Billions of Dollars, End Federal Court Oversight, and Improve the Prison System." It has in it reductions to our budget of about a billion dollars in the current year and 1.5 billion in out years. It has the some impacts on our operations, included closure of the California Rehabilitation Center at Norco; the return of 9,500 inmates from out of state facilities to California; returning

those jobs and those dollars to California; a plan to end federal court oversight; and to expand rehabilitation.

Obviously, if you have a reduction in total inmate population, it takes a much smaller investment to see a nice increase in recidivism reductions. All that, along with changing in our security level issues and staffing.

I invite you to read it. Take your time. It is about 50 pages. It really lays out the plan of the administration for Corrections over the next three or four years. I invite the Board Member and public to take a look at that.

With that, I'll open it up to my fellow Board Members. Any introductory comments that the Board would like to make at this time before we get started?

MEMBER WOODFORD: I toured San Quentin the other day with an international group. I'd just gone into the reception center and without the overcrowding, how quiet it was, how clean it was. It was really wonderful. Thank you for all the work.

CHAIR CATE: Thanks, Jeanne. It is making a big difference in that respect. In a typical year

1 corrections would have 47,000 offenders serving 90 2 days or less, 55,000 parole violators serving an 3 average of 90 to 120 days. Those are really hard on 4 staff. Hard on our facilities. Difficult to 5 budget. Not doing a whole lot for public safety. Ι 6 think we are making some progress there. Without further adieu, I will invite our 7 8 General Manager --9 I'm sorry. 10 MEMBER TRUJILLO: Mr. Chairman, I'd just 11 like to commend you publicly for the hearings that 12 you have been involved in trying to take the Department of Corrections in the right place. 13 It's 14 not an easy job, and I want to take my hat off to you publicly. 15 Thanks. I appreciate that. 16 CHAIR CATE: 17 Anything else before we get started? Then we will take our General Manager's 18 19 comments. 20 Chuck. 21 MR. PATTILLO: Chairman, Members, my name 22 is Charles Pattillo. I'm General Manager of the 23 Prison Industry Authority and Executive Officer of 24 the Prison Industry Board. 2.5 Start off, again, by thanking Matt for coming

out to do the NCIA keynote, and then he spent a lot of time after that meeting with my counterparts from the other states. And I think what folks came about is we have it pretty good in California as far as operations, the way things go. And even if we're going through a difficult time with realignment, we're way off better than a lot of other states are. We are far ahead of the curve than a lot of these other states are as far as correctional industries.

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I want to welcome Michele Steeb. chance to -- and I'm going to take credit for recruiting Michele. I had a chance to visit her operations about a year ago, I guess. I was impressed. She is one of the forefront -- St. John's Women's Shelter is a shelter for not only domestic violence victims, homeless women, whatnot. There is not only women there. There is women and their kids living in this organization. And on top of that she's started a company called Plates, which they run a restaurant out of the depot that is utilizing the ladies that are in her St John's Women Shelter and transitioning them to employment. right there I saw that being on this Board and being part of PIA would not be a big stretch for her. understands what we do. And we do have some of the

same clients in some cases, here and there.

Realignment, as the Secretary said, it is the biggest challenge for everybody, and it affects PIA in two ways. It affects us in the number of offenders and also affects us in revenues. And the number of offenders is not such an issue for us as much because there are still a lot of offenders. And what we've been doing is transitioning some of our lower level operations into higher security areas where we are going to be dealing with that. We also have offenders that their classifications are changed. As anybody in corrections knows, if there is a bed, they are going to fill it. What we are doing is taking away a lot of the places where beds shouldn't be, such as a gymnasium.

The other part that affects us is in revenues. As the Secretary stated, since Octobers we've lost 22,000 inmates; that's 22,000 inmates that we're not providing food for or we're not providing laundry services for or clothing, or 22,000 that we don't have an opportunity to train.

Some of the local levels - we are working with some of the counties to integrate our programs with theirs because those are the same offenders that we have a lot of success with. The revenue impact is,

like I said, a little bit more difficult. We can estimate almost to the inmate with CDCR on the number of inmates we are going to have in the institution. It's a linear program; it is not a hard thing. The revenue, though, is what's given us a little bit of difficulty, and just recently got real difficult.

Corrections buys hard goods from us.

Textiles, shoes, whatnot. Just this Monday -- they buy them quarterly. We call them centralized procurement. We have a centralized procurement program. Just this Monday, they ended up canceling the fourth quarter order to the tune of about 6.2 million. We fully understand why. It's a programming issue. They think they have enough to get themselves through the year. We're also looking at dollars. But for us that was kind of revenue hit that we were not expecting in month ten. So there will be some reflection in our bottom line, but that, too, we will accommodate.

We do know that over the next 24 months food revenues will drop about \$20,000,000 from where they were 18 months ago. And to mitigate this we are working with both DGS and CDCR to find low cost alternatives to food, things that will save money

with staff and money with food as well.

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2 The evaporating \$20,000,000 is not 3 automatically reappearing in local governments. We're seeing a little bit of it come up in locals. 4 5 San Diego County is one that's a good partner for 6 us, but not a whole lot. But it is encouraging. 7 Given the uncertainty of what institutions are going 8 to look like, the biggest bang for us in the partnership that we do have with CDCR, the Secretary 9 10 has given us so much access to folks. And it's very 11 easy for me to call the Secretary and say, "Listen. 12 This is the issue that we have, and I need you to help me solve it." That is not a call that I have 13 14 to make very often, but, when I do make it, it's 15 resolved very quickly. I appreciate Matt for doing that for me. 16

At the end today we're go to have a little retirement ceremony. I have two staff, between them have over 60 years of state service, that are retiring this week. And that is a big chunk of change for us. PIA has staff with some of the highest retention rate on a per capita number of years than most state agencies do. So Carla Young and Ben Wald will be retiring, and at the very end we will have a small presentation.

With that, I'm going to have -- if there is any questions of me at this time?

I have staff here today and they are going to be transitioning in and out. They are going to be doing the presentations, and if there is any questions at any time, please interrupt or ask staff or me.

The first one, Jeff, our attorney is going to do action item number one or action Item A, adoption of regulations Title 15. Just to give an opening. We are going back in regulations, all the way back to when we were constituted in 1982 and instituting regulations based on what statute is or any policy this Board has passed. Currently, we have a couple legal actions -- one legal action against us. An inmate is looking to sue us for requiring that we require that they have a GED within two years.

What you see in the packet here is the application that we are requiring the inmates to fill out as well as the requirement for a GED. So I'm going to turn it over to Jeff who is Chief Counsel.

MR. SLY: Jeff Sly, General Counsel for Prison Industry Authority. As Chuck mentioned, we have four regs today we are asking for approval and

asking for approval to amend one, Section 8000, add six new definitions.

This set of regulations comes to you as a result of us, as Chuck mentioned, trying to go through and get regulations covering everything that the Office of Administrative Law and Administrative Procedures Act requires of a state agency when they are establishing policies that qualify as regulations. These four today are primarily to address two Determinations that the Office of Administrative Law made with regards to hiring practices and hiring criteria that the PIA uses with the inmates.

So Section 8000, we are just adding six new definitions to an already existing regulation. And 8004 through 8004.4 basically spells out how PIA is going to recruit, how PIA is going to review the application process for inmates that would like to work for PIA. Also addresses issues that excludes some from being able to work for PIA, set a criteria for others, and, lastly, give the administrators the guidance they need for allocating their inmates between various enterprises at the institution.

That's kind of very brief, and I'm assuming you've had a chance to review them individually. If

you have any questions, feel free. Otherwise I
would ask that you approve these so we can turn
these in to OAL and start the public comment period
time.

MR. PATTILLO: Jeff, will you describe what

MR. PATTILLO: Jeff, will you describe what will happen after the vote of approval?

MR. SLY: Chuck will sign off on a couple documents that AOL needs to get the public notice process started and file these with OAL next week. That will start the 45-day public comment period. At the conclusion of that, if there are any issues that are raised that would cause us to decide we might want to change our language, if it was a substantive change, probably bring it back to you for review before we submit it to OAL for final approval. If a nonsubstantive change, just correction, some type of punctuation or something, we would just go ahead and make that change and submit it. Once OAL gets our final application, they have 30 days to review it and rule on it.

So far they have approved all of your regs each time as we've gotten to that point in the process.

CHAIR CATE: Mr. Pattillo, is there any substantive differences between our current

1 processes and what these regs spell out? Or is this 2 kind of - codifying is the wrong word - delineating 3 our current process? 4 MR. PATTILLO: Delineating current 5 practices. 6 MR. SLY: Let me point out the application, Inmate Worker Application that is you Attachment B, 7 8 was standardized during this process. There were different applications we used. We've come up with 9 10 one uniform application that will be used statewide. CHAIR CATE: Did you say that was Exhibit 11 12 B? 13 MS. GUARE: Attachment Exhibit A2. 14 MR. SLY: I'm sorry. 15 CHAIR CATE: How is this substantively 16 different, the application? 17 MR. PATTILLO: We just -- we had probably 18 six different applications before. We have folks that are a little more advanced in IPE at some 19 20 locations, so we've got one application, just to 21 collect as much data as we can and adopt it systemwide within our system. 22 23 MR. WALKER: This change from the Prior 24 application has been effective for some time. 25 to that, every institution had their own twist on

1 how they did it. This application has been out 2 there for some time. Just putting it all down, 3 delineating this is the one and everybody is using 4 it. MR. PATTILLO: This is part of our ISO 6 standards where everyone is involved and nobody 7 could make any changes to it on their own. Mr. Chairman. 8 MEMBER SINGH: 9 CHAIR CATE: Mr. Singh. MEMBER SINGH: 10 I studied this very, very 11 thoroughly. I think very, very nicely written, and 12 I would like this. So I move this item for 13 approval. 14 CHAIR CATE: Thank you, Mr. Singh. 15 We have a motion. 16 MEMBER WOODFORD: I second. 17 CHAIR CATE: And a second. Any further 18 conversation or questions or comments? 19 Any public comment on this matter? 20 Hearing none -- normally we would just call 21 for a voice vote and approve these by general 22 acclamation. Because we have folks on the phone, we 23 will have to go with a roll call vote. 24 Madam secretary. MS. GUARE: Member Almanza. 25

1	MEMBER ALMANZA: Aye.
2	MS. GUARE: Member Chapjian.
3	MEMBER CHAPJIAN: Yes.
4	MS. GUARE: Member Davidson.
5	MEMBER DAVIDSON: Aye.
6	MS. GUARE: Member Kelly.
7	MEMBER KELLY: Yes.
8	MS. GUARE: Member Masteller.
9	MEMBER MASTELLER: Yes.
10	MS. GUARE: Member Saito.
11	MEMBER SAITO: Yes.
12	MS. GUARE: Member Steeb.
13	MEMBER STEEB: Yes.
14	MS. GUARE: Member Singh.
15	MEMBER SINGH: Yes.
16	MS. GUARE: Member Trujillo.
17	MEMBER TRUJILLO: Yes.
18	MS. GUARE: Member Woodford.
19	MEMBER WOODFORD: Yes.
20	MS. GUARE: Chair Kate.
21	CHAIR CATE: Yes.
22	MS. GUARE: Thank you.
23	CHAIR CATE: That will pass.
24	Mr. Pattillo, our next item.
25	MR. PATTILLO: Next item is a recommended

position on Assembly Bill 1507. With us is Eric Reslock, our Chief of Public Affairs.

MR. RESLOCK: Good afternoon, Mr. Chair and Members. I am Eric Reslock, Chief of External Affairs. I am pleased to present the next two items for you.

Today is actually the deadline for fiscal bills to get out of the Policy Committee. Neither of these bills has had a hearing, but the authors could always pursue a waiver, so even after today these bills should be considered active.

The first is Item B, Assembly Bill AB 1507 by Assemblyman Mendoza. This bill is very familiar to many of the members. It is identical to Assemblyman Mendoza's AB 1771, which the Board voted unanimously to oppose in May 2010. That bill ultimately died in the Assembly Appropriations. What 1507 would do is enable state agencies to turn to -- enter into purchase contracts for less than \$25,000 with California certified small businesses, micro businesses or disabled veteran enterprises to purchase products manufactured by CALPIA if provided at a lower price than CALPIA.

As you know from a previous information item, CALPIA cannot always offer the lowest price because

of its limited market, lack of flexibility, OPEB, operating in a correctional environment, so on.

This price difference would be exploited under AB

1507 where CALPIA cannot complete.

In fiscal year 2010-11, for example, the loss of contracts that could be offered to purchasing units under \$25,000 would have reduced up to \$135,000,000 of CALPIA's \$153,000,000 in revenues due to the fact that everything except modular buildings and license plates can be broken up into purchasing units of \$25,000 or less. Such a revenue loss would have led to the correlating reduction of up to 4,333 offender training positions and up to 400 CALPIA civil service positions.

AB 1507 was scheduled to be heard in the Assembly Jobs, Economic Development and Economy Committee on April 17th, but the author pulled the bill from committee. The International Union of Operating Engineers, the correctional supervisors organization, and SEIU are all opposed to the bill.

So the recommendation is, due to the negative impact on the CALPIA revenues and recidivism rates and increased budgetary pressure on CDCR for alternative programming, staff respectfully recommends that PIB oppose AB 1507.

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	I will be happy to answer any questions.
2	CHAIR CATE: Any questions for Eric?
3	MEMBER TRUJILLO: Mr. Chairman, I move for
4	adoption.
5	CHAIR CATE: Mr. Trujillo, thank you.
6	MEMBER SINGH: Second.
7	CHAIR CATE: We have a motion and a second.
8	Any comments, questions from the Board?
9	MEMBER ALMANZA: DGS does not have a full
10	position on the bill.
11	CHAIR CATE: I don't think Corrections
12	does, but I'm going to vote.
13	With that, any public comments before we call
14	for a vote?
15	Madam Secretary, please call the roll.
16	MS. GUARE: Member Almanza.
17	MEMBER ALMANZA: Abstain.
18	MS. GUARE: Member Chapjian.
19	MEMBER CHAPJIAN: Yes.
20	MS. GUARE: Member Davidson.
21	MEMBER DAVIDSON: Yes.
22	MS. GUARE: Member Kelly.
23	MEMBER KELLY: Yes.
24	MS. GUARE: Member Masteller.
25	MEMBER MASTELLER: Yes.

1	MS. GUARE: Member Saito.
2	MEMBER SAITO: Aye.
3	MS. GUARE: Member Steeb.
4	MEMBER STEEB: Yes.
5	MS. GUARE: Member Singh.
6	MEMBER SINGH: Yes.
7	MS. GUARE: Member Trujillo.
8	MEMBER TRUJILLO: Yes.
9	MS. GUARE: Member Woodford.
10	MEMBER WOODFORD: Yes.
11	MS. GUARE: And Chair Cate.
12	CHAIR CATE: Yes.
13	MS. GUARE: Thank you.
14	CHAIR CATE: Thank you. I do appreciate
15	that. It is obviously, as Chuck has said, it is
16	a difficult revenue time for PIA and difficult times
17	for the Department in finding rehabilitative
18	positions, so that's helpful.
19	Mr. Pattillo.
20	MR. PATTILLO: Next is Senate Bill 1162.
21	Eric is going to present that item.
22	MR. RESLOCK: Thank you, Chuck.
23	Item C, Senate Bill 1162 by Senator Runner.
24	SB 1162 would authorize rather than require state
25	entities to purchase goods produced by CALPIA and

would require a state entity to award contracts to the lowest responsible bidder, to grant a preference of not more than 10 percent above the lowest responsible bid.

By eliminating the mandate that CALPIA products shall be purchased by state agencies, SB 1160 puts CALPIA in the position of competing with entities that do not have a limited market and can exploit CALPIA's lack of flexibility with strategies like loss leaders that could reduce revenues to the Prison Industry's revolving fund by up to \$153,000,000.

This loss of revenue would lead to the insolvency of CALPIA, the loss of over 5,000 offender vocational positions and higher general fund costs for incarceration, reduced public safety and reduced prison safety and a loss of employment for 580 civil service staff. This bill would overturn nearly 30 years of public policy with respect to CALPIA's role in rehabilitating offenders.

SB 1162 was scheduled to be heard in the Senate Governmental Organization Committee on April 9th. The hearing was canceled at the request of the author. Senator Runner had been very ill. It's not

1 known what his intentions are of going forward. 2 But due to its potential impact to bring about 3 CALPIA's insolvency and increased budgetary pressure 4 on CDCR due to increased recidivism, the staff 5 recommends that PIB oppose SB 1162. MR. PATTILLO: The cost to CDCR if they 6 7 want to replace these positions is 5,000. That is based on 2008 LAL 8 MR. RESLOCK: study that approximately 1,162 prior offenders --9 10 let me look at that number. Yes, approximately \$6.9 11 million if CDCR were to replace all of those 12 classifications with alternative vocational 13 training. MR. PATTILLO: That is kind of a low 14 15 number. That number for the last couple of years, 16 anywhere - from 1,200 to about 3,500 a couple years 17 ago. That is, we use the LAL's number. 18 CHAIR CATE: Any questions for Eric? Chairman will entertain a motion. 19 20 MEMBER MASTELLER: I would move to accept the Board's recommendation -- to accept the 21 22 recommendation that we oppose this bill. 23 CHAIR CATE: Thank you. Any second? 24 25 MEMBER SINGH: Second.

1	CHAIR CATE: Mr. Singh.
2	Any further discussion?
3	CHAIR CATE: Hearing none, any comments
4	from the public on this bill, on this matter?
5	Hearing none, please call the roll.
6	MS. GUARE: Member Almanza.
7	MEMBER ALMANZA: Abstain.
8	MS. GUARE: Member Chapjian.
9	MEMBER CHAPJIAN: Yes.
10	MS. GUARE: Member Davidson.
11	MEMBER DAVIDSON: Yes.
12	MS. GUARE: Member Kelly.
13	MEMBER KELLY: Yes.
14	MS. GUARE: Member Masteller.
15	MEMBER MASTELLER: Yes.
16	MS. GUARE: Member Saito.
17	MEMBER SAITO: Yes.
18	MS. GUARE: Member Steeb.
19	MEMBER STEEB: Yes.
20	MS. GUARE: Member Singh.
21	MEMBER SINGH: Yes.
22	MS. GUARE: Member Trujillo.
23	MEMBER TRUJILLO: Yes.
24	MS. GUARE: Member Woodford.
25	MEMBER WOODFORD: Yes.

MS. GUARE: And Chair Cate. 1 2 CHAIR CATE: Yes. 3 MS. GUARE: Thank you. 4 CHAIR CATE: Thank, you Eric. Next action item Mr. Pattillo. 5 MR. PATTILLO: Item D, individual 6 7 pre-packaged meals. Scott Walker from operations 8 will present the item. Before we go, I want to 9 thank the Operations & Development Committee who met 10 on March 26th to provide a recommendation to this 11 Board, and I appreciate the follow-up. I think we 12 put more paper and answered more questions on this 13 individual item than most items we've had. 14 The committee consists of Mr. Almanza, 15 Mr. Trujillo, Ms. Masteller, Mr. Kelly and 16 Ms. Woodford. Thank you very much for taking the time to come to Folsom and also to follow-up with 17 18 all the questions. Turn it over to Scott. 19 20 MR. WALKER: Good afternoon, Mr. Chair and 21 I am Scott Walker, Assistant General Board Members. 22 Manager of the Operations Division. I have the 23 pleasure today of presenting the item on 24 individually packaged meals. 2.5 Before I get into the details of the item, I

would like to share with the Board some background on the programming that is provided to the inmate workforce at CALPIA's food and beverage packaging enterprise. CALPIA offers several nationally recognized certification programs to the inmates that work in CALPIA's food and beverage enterprise. Among the certifications offered are National Restaurant Associations ServSafe certification and the Hazard Analysis Critical Control Program, HACCP, which educates inmates in a systematic, preventive approach to food safety.

In addition, CALPIA inmate workers who have not achieved a high school diploma or equivalent are required to participate in general education development, GED, program and complete their GED within two years of starting employment with CALPIA.

Inmates assigned to a CALPIA work program have a recidivism rate that is 25 percent less than inmates in the general population of CDCR. This has a direct impact on the general fund and has a significant impact on the public safety mission of CDCR. The technical skills and certifications obtained in this program will allow the inmate worker, when paroled, to seek employment in this growing industry. According to the California of

Employment Development Department, approximately 4,700 or 5 percent increase in new jobs are expected to be created in the state of California in this field over the next six years. There are approximately a hundred thousand jobs in this field within the state currently.

I will now move on to the detail of the item.

As you may recall, on January 13th the Board referred the issue of individually packaged meals, boxed lunches, to the Development & Operations Committee with the direction to evaluate the Harvest Farms' proposal and determine if Harvest Farms and CALPIA could identify an administrative solution that would serve the interest of both CALPIA and Harvest Farms. Consistent with that direction, CALPIA staff met with Harvest Farms on five separate occasions to discuss various alternatives that would allow for Harvest Farms and CALPIA to move forward with viable operations.

To refresh the Board's memory on the Harvest Farms' proposal, it consisted of a framework in which CALPIA would provide component parts to Harvest Farms who would then co-pack the CALPIA products with other Harvest Farms' products and distribute them to the California Department of

Corrections and Rehabilitation, CDCR.

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While it was a creative approach, both Harvest Farms and CALPIA agreed that it presented some implementation and product management concerns that would have been difficult to overcome, such as procurement, logistical and customer service.

After review and discussion of the Harvest Farms' proposal, CALPIA submitted a proposal to the group for discussion. The CALPIA proposal does not require the implementation and product management concerns that the group had identified in the Harvest Farms' proposal. The CALPIA proposal allowed for the procurement of meat-type boxed lunches for CDCR from an outside vendor via statewide contract. Additionally, CALPIA would issue an exemption, waiver, to the CDCR for meat-type boxed lunches for the duration of the The proposal allowed for CALPIA to contract. provide peanut-butter-and-jelly-type boxed lunches to the CDCR. The CALPIA proposal includes a projected increase in revenue of approximately \$1.5 million when compared to the Harvest Farms' proposal. The additional revenue would be recognized through exclusive sales of meat-type boxed lunch products to CDCR.

If you could refer to the attachment at the end of Item D titled Boxed Lunch Sales: Purchasing Trends and Projections, the chart that you see on the easel here.

The increase I'm referring to is detailed on the far right column of the middle chart labeled Harvest Farms' proposal. At the bottom of the chart, labeled CALPIA's proposal, you can see the budget year projections for fiscal year '12-13, using the Harvest Farms' proposal, the outside vendor would recognize approximately 10.6 million in sales revenue. You get there by adding the peanut butter and jelly and meat boxed lunches together. That is 10.6 with the Harvest Farms' proposal.

If you look at the chart below at the bottom, labeled CALPIA's proposal, you will see the same budget year projections that the outside vendor would realize, approximately 12.1 million in sales revenue. For a projected increase of approximately \$1.5 million.

So PIA's proposal was to split the CDCR between peanut butter and jelly and meat. And the proposal, because they would be packaging our components, would actually provide a greater revenue to the outside vendor.

On March 26, 2012, the Development & Operations Committee met to discuss the boxed lunch issue. After hearing from CALPIA and Harvest Farms, the Development & Operations Committee adopted a recommendation that was provided to the entire Prison Industry Board on April 13, 2012, via email, and a copy of which is also included in your binder as D2.

Specifically, the Development & Operations
Committee recommended:

To authorize CALPIA to manufacture all types of individually packaged meals, boxed lunches, with CALPIA granting a purchase exemption, waiver, to CDCR for meat-type boxed lunches for the duration of any statewide contract; and

Ask CDCR to formally request DGS to establish a contract or Request For Information, RFI, for meat-type boxed lunches.

The recommendation of the Development &

Operations Committee protects Harvest Farms'

interest in CDCR meat boxed lunch sales and allows

CALPIA to sell peanut butter and jelly boxed lunch

to CDCR. It also allows both Harvest Farms and

CALPIA to diversify their customer base to locals as

recommended by this Board at the January 13th

1 meeting.

The committee's recommendation supports CALPIA's mission of self-sufficiency, inmate employment and reduced recidivism.

Subsequently, on April 25th, 2012, CALPIA and the PIB received a modified proposal via email from Harvest Farms that included language and additional provisions that are inconsistent with the recommendation of the Development & Operations Committee. The Harvest Farms' proposal would prohibit CALPIA from providing meat boxed lunches to locals as recommended by the committee.

Therefore, it is CALPIA's recommendation that the Prison Industry Board adopt the recommendation of the Development & Operations subcommittee as submitted.

I would be glad to answer any questions the Board my have at this time.

CHAIR CATE: I know this is a lot to digest. I do want to begin, if I could, by thanking the subcommittee for their work on this matter. I want to thank PIA staff and thank Harvest Farms and their representatives for working hard to try to establish agreement. I think, from what I can tell, both sides came towards the middle a little bit. I

am not sure we got all the way together at one point, but we did narrow the issue somewhat.

And so I am going to try to restate all that, Scott, in maybe terms that are easier at least for me to comprehend and maybe just restating it. If I get it wrong, make sure and jump in.

The current recommendation is that we -- in the past we had, the Board had asked PIA to come back if they wanted to sell boxed lunches. This would provide the Board's expressed authorization -- and this is a proposal that I'm just trying to give the proposal the easiest way as opposed to what Harvest Farms would be. But we would then change that course and give PIA authorization to manufacture peanut butter and jelly boxed lunches. And then PIA would grant a purchase exemption or waiver for CDCR to purchase all other boxed lunches for the duration of subsequent statewide contract. And so by subsequent statewide contract, we know we are not in contract now, as I recall.

Is that right?

MR. WALKER: Correct.

CHAIR CATE: So DGS is going to enter into a contract or open bids for a contract shortly. And so what this in essence is doing is granting PIA the

ability to make boxed lunches. But for the term of this upcoming contract, CDCR would be able to buy meat lunches from Harvest Farms. And then when the -- maybe this is a little different than I thought. Let me read this.

This is the counter. Let me start over. I got a little confused. In essence, and if I've got this wrong let me know again. For the term of the upcoming contract, PIA would be producing peanut butter and jelly in prisons. Selling peanut butter and jelly to CDCR and open to sell peanut butter and jelly or meat lunches to anybody else.

Right?

MR. WALKER: Correct.

CHAIR CATE: And in meantime, Harvest Farms would be selling CDCR meat lunches and then whoever wins the bid would also be selling meat lunches to CDCR for the term of the upcoming contract.

MR. WALKER: That's right.

CHAIR CATE: As I understand it, then PIA would be able to compete to sell meat lunches to CDCR at the end of that contract; is that right?

MR. WALKER: At the end of the contract.

Because I can't predict the future, that would be a possibility that PIA could be one of the people that

are looked at to provide that product to CDCR.

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CHAIR CATE: But you would not have to come back before the Board to get expressed permission to do so?

MR. WALKER: Correct. The Development & Operations Committee's recommendation, if adopted, that would be true, yes.

CHAIR CATE: And then I'm going to let all of the Harvest Farms people to speak for themselves, but I'm going to try to cast at least what I think would be Harvest Farms' position; and then we'll have you come up and tell me if I'm wrong as well. Don't assume I got this right either.

Then from the Harvest Farms' perspective is that -- and there may be more to it than this. But Harvest Farms would want PIA, before they could get into selling CDCR the lunch meat products, boxed lunches, they would need to come back and get an affirmative authorization, otherwise the exemption -- otherwise whoever wins that bid would have the ability to continue to sell those meat products to CDCR. And the only way that could change is if PIA came back and got an exemption expressly from the Board at that time. I know that is one difference.

So really there is, I know, one discrepancy:

what happens in the 18 months, two years or three years whenever this contract comes out, does PIA have to expressly come back to sell sliced meat lunches at that time, or do they have that ability kind of on the natural at the end of the expiration of the next contract? So I know that is one difference.

Are there other differences?

MR. WALKER: I don't want to speak for them either. The significant difference in the latest alternative that they put on the Board, it would preclude us from doing any type of sliced lunch meat meals for the duration of this contract, until we came back to the Board.

So the notion right now that we have out there, basically, that CDCR would be split up between peanut butter and jelly and meat-type boxed lunches. Peanut butter and jelly going to PIA and sliced meat boxed lunches going to whoever the successful bidder was. And outside of CDCR, that being the public sector, Harvest Farms and the CALPIA would be able to go after whatever that county market, irrespective of the product.

Basically, we would both go out there and compete for the public sector, locals, and CDCR would be a

1 defined market.

Their latest proposal, as I read it, and I certainly guess they will embellish upon it, basically prohibits us from getting into sliced lunch meat at all during this process. At the end of the contract we come back and have a conversation. So we are precluded from going after any local market for the duration, they are proposing, as I read it.

CHAIR CATE: We'll certainly hear from Harvest Farms. Any questions about the PIA proposal before we open it up from the Board?

MEMBER TRUJILLO: Mr. Chairman, make a couple comments. I would like to thank you for appointing me to the Development & Operations

Committee. I apologize for not being able to attend that meeting. I was called to Washington, D.C., on sad business to do. And I have already apologized to the Chairman for not being there. But the authorization, there is two things I would have talked about had I been at the meeting.

One is the first bullet point authorizes

CALPIA to manufacture all types of individualized

packaged meals. I would have changed the all types

to just peanut butter and jelly. And the second, to

- 5 first -- I move that we adopt the committee's
 6 recommendation. If anybody then changes it, take it
- 7 up on that. My motion would be to adopt the
- 8 Development & Operations Committee's
- 9 recommendation.
- 10 CHAIR CATE: Mr. Trujillo has the floor.
- 11 Hold that for one second. He is not making a
- 12 recommendation at this time. I think we may have
- 13 some communication -- these are just comments on
- 14 what he would have done had he been there, or what
- 15 he would have proposed had he been there.
- 16 MEMBER CHAPJIAN: Okay.
- 17 MEMBER TRUJILLO: And the second bullet
- 18 point, to ask CDCR to formally request DGS to
- 19 establish a contract or request for information,
- 20 RFI, for meat-type. I would have advised for all
- 21 others.
- 22 And then the other thing I would like to see
- 23 included in this document is to establish the
- 24 two-year above mentioned recommendations to
- 25 authorize CALPIA to extend into lunch meat or

- boxed-type meals or sliced portion lunch meat
 without a public hearing and vote for approval by
- 3 the full Board. And, you know, we can do that in
- 4 two years if this thing is not working out. We can
- 5 come back to the full Board and get authorization.
- 6 So that is what I would have proposed. That is the
- 7 comment I would have made.
- 8 CHAIR CATE: Thank you.
- 9 MEMBER MASTELLER: I would like to comment,
- 10 please.
- 11 CHAIR CATE: Then after that we will hear
- 12 from Ms. Woodford.
- 13 All right, Kira.
- 14 MEMBER MASTELLER: Thank you. I was at the
- 15 committee meeting. I was present via telephone and
- 16 heard all of the comments and certainly have spent a
- 17 lot of time on this at several Board meetings and
- 18 appreciated the Board's concern on January 13th when
- 19 we all met, when we heard employees of Harvest
- 20 Farms. And to be quite honest, the Board was
- 21 extremely patient and has been very fair in taking
- 22 this to committee. In the first place, we didn't
- 23 have to. PIA could secure this business and not
- 24 even deal with this issue, based on my understanding
- 25 of the Penal Code.

So I think that if we look at this in perspective we've allowed the people at Harvest Farms to keep their jobs by coming to the table, working together, listening to their concerns. We've come up with a compromise that works for both I don't think it's necessary to consider agencies. a change to what the recommendation is on the agenda today because we've already hashed out these issues. And Harvest Farms and any other agency that would bid for this contract has the ability to spend the next three years figuring out what they are going to do in their business. Just as PIA will have to do the same thing if they are even interested in getting meat boxed lunches, which they may not decide. It may not be prudent for them to do so.

So I second Member Chapjian's motion if it gets to the floor because I think we should accept it as recommended.

CHAIR CATE: I do thank everyone for withholding until we have had -- until members have had a chance to discuss the matter and make sure everyone is on the same page, just on the basic information. Then maybe we can entertain a motion, but I do thank you both for indicating that.

Ms. Woodford.

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MEMBER WOODFORD: Just as a point of clarification. When we met, we had a lot of conversation about peanut butter and jelly, and decided that we were really talking about non-meat lunches because non-meat lunches could change to other products given, changes in what people are eating these days. One affects the other.

MEMBER ALMANZA: I want to thank staff and the committee members for their hard work and time and commitment to discuss this issue and come up with a recommendation. From General Services' perspective this was a difficult discussion because the appearance of negotiating business with a specific vendor, especially given there is no contract right now. And so for me that was a major concern because we are talking about a lot of money and it does have to go out to open and competitive bid. So just for the record that was a concern. It's the main reason I abstained from the majority recommendation to the Board.

CHAIR CATE: Okay. So the motion of the Development & Operations Committee was approved by Members Kelly, Masteller, and Woodford.

Mr. Almanza, you abstained?

MEMBER ALMANZA: Yes.

1 CHAIR CATE: For my sake can you -- maybe 2 you can provide a little bit of an update where we 3 are in the procurement of that contract for boxed 4 lunches. MEMBER ALMANZA: That is not a contract 6 that we are actively working on right now until this 7 is resolved about whether PIA is going to be 8 provided all the lunches or none of them. Till we know what the scope of the need is going to be. 9 10 MR. PATTILLO: You were waiting for the 11 Board meeting, for this action? 12 MEMBER ALMANZA: Yes. 13 MR. PATTILLO: CDCR will have to make contact with DGS, just like they do with any other 14 15 contract. 16 CHAIR CATE: Any other clarifying questions 17 from the Board for staff before we open it up to --18 we have representatives for Harvest Farms, Mr. 19 Nobili and Mr. Guy and perhaps Mr. Nelson and one 20 more. 21 So, Mr. Nobili, want don't you go ahead and 22 give your information. 23 MR. NOBILI: My name is Mark Nobili. 24 representing Harvest Farms today. I think

Mr. Walker did a pretty good job of describing part

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of what happened. I would take a little issue with some of the proposals; that is, we kind of glossed over what is, by their own numbers, the best proposal, that even by their own numbers.

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If you look at the middle proposal in terms of impact to PIA and to Harvest Farms, it's the largest financial positive impact for PIA; and that was our original proposal. Where we would incorporate PIA's products into our boxed lunches made. Since we legally cannot purchase as a private company from the PIA, we would then just essentially have an invoice delivered to the State for that. We were told it was kind of painted as -- we walked away from that. We were told that the accounting system at PIA doesn't allow them to do that. Our guys have looked at it and probably within one or two days could show PIA how they can do that. That is an ongoing success story for both PIA, with the highest financial return to the PIA as well as it allows Harvest Farms to exist.

There is a few numbers that I will talk about in a second. And our issue with the language is it does something very clear. Immediately it says you can get -- PIA can get into pretty much any boxed lunch program they would like. Department of

General Services issues a contract of which nobody knows what the duration will be. Some of them are only one year. So between one and three years I heard from Mr. Cate. We haven't heard that number yet.

What the agreement that was put -- what we thought it was heading into it was PIA will take two and a half million to \$4,000,000 worth of new revenue in peanut butter and jelly boxed lunches, or if there is alternative lunches as well. Harvest Farms retains the meat product boxed lunch and we are left to exist. They grow their business and we can compete. There are no guarantees. We may not win the Department of General Services contract. That was it. So we can compete.

The added language that we are asking for is simply saying instead of automatically putting us out of business at the end of that Department of General services contract is can we revisit the issue as a Board. That's it; that's all we are asking. We are not asking for any permanent guarantees. We are just saying instead of automatically putting us out of business at the end of that Department of General Services contract could we just have another hearing and revisit and

make sure that is what we want to do.

That draws me to the bottom, whatever you want to call it, the thing that says CALPIA's proposal.

What Mr. Pattillo put out there is whatever happens in the next year; that is the real reason he wants this language. Because, according to the CALPIA proposal, what happens in 2012-13, the blue line represents Harvest Farms' revenue, is estimated \$12,000,000 roughly. The red line, the boxed lunches, is roughly 4.5, and that would be going to the PIA; 11,000,000 on the green line goes to the PIA. What happens in the next year, that \$12,000,000 that is represented by Harvest Farms goes away and it gets swept by the PIA, all of it, 100 percent of it.

So this one -- when I look at these types of proposals, at some point is -- just because you can take something over just doesn't mean you should. We took the directive from the Board in January, that we felt was, hey, there seems like there's a way we can work together. The Board is in a difficult position. People are always asking you, protect our jobs, protect our business. I get that.

This seems like one of those solutions where it's obvious that you can get a little benefit for

the PIA and a little benefit for Harvest Farms. The language, as written, essentially says there is no more benefit. You have a death sentence and here's your death sentence.

There are two alternatives that actually avoid that death sentence, but still benefits the PIA. That is the only thing we are asking for. We have to tinker around with the language in the top sentence to get to what we thought was the spirit of both the January hearing and the working group hearing. That's great. But it has to actually, in our mind, preserve what we thought was the spirit. PIA gets something. We are allowed to exist and compete. We are not asking for any guarantees.

The Department of General Services issues a contract. We compete for that. At the end of that contract let's revisit the issue. We don't know what the prison population is going to look like at that time. Nobody knows demand. Nobody knows facilities. I think it is a prudent move from the Board for several different reasons. I had a whole different proposal or presentation I was going to give you, but I think it is a pretty simple issue.

The spirit of the hearing in January and the directive from this Board - work something out where

we didn't want to harm the small business in

Lancaster and those jobs. Or was it we'll take a

little bit of your business now and we'll take the

rest of your business later?

CHAIR CATE: Can I ask you a question?

MR. NOBILI: Yes.

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CHAIR CATE: Mr. Pattillo expressed the concern that the version that you're requesting would prohibit PIA from marketing/selling the sliced lunch meat lunches to other public sector folks, jails and so forth.

Yeah. I would believe it. MR. NOBILI: would prohibit. The language that says peanut butter and jelly type, that is intended to just say was the deal, since the PIA didn't want to take the original deal which is the best financial decision for them. And Mr. Guy can walk you through all the negotiations of how we got here. Then it became just -- well, let's talk about carving the business out. That is how this discussions went. So Mr. Guy said, well, we'll give up peanut butter and jelly. That is a boxed lunch. It is new revenue and new line of business for the PIA. One of the reasons why this language is really important is how the law works with the Board and with the PIA.

Once you approve that language, you actually are giving the PIA a lot of the authority with very little control from the Board again. And once you give them the blanket authority to go into those new lines of business, you are in the business. You don't really get to carve up and say, "Yeah, our intention when we passed that language was that you could only go to the locals." So either you approve a new line of business or you don't approve a new line of business.

Mr. Pattillo is still citing a hearing from 2002 to get into bread as his ability to get into any food product. So I don't think I have to go any further than that point. This is significant language.

Once this Board has touched this language and put it into law, if you will, he's got that authority and the PIA has that authority. So we were trying to be very careful in the wording. Yes, I do agree that the language we are asking would not allow them to market a meat product into the county. Now they could do the deal that we were talking about. Spend two days working on the accounting stuff or four days, and we could partner on those deals. But, yes, that is what we're asking.

CHAIR CATE: I think that what I'm hearing, and I'll ask either PIA staff or you, Mr. Nobili, to correct me. We have two differences. One is does the Board grant authority to PIA to be involved in sliced meats. Set aside the county issue for now. Do you grant it now with a waiver for the end of the contract, which means at the end of the contract they would automatically be back in the business of selling meats to the prisons, if the Board didn't take any subsequent actions? Or do you flip it and leave the prohibition in place and thereby require PIA to come back to the Board to affirmatively get permission to sell sliced meats to the prisons after the end of the contract? MR. NOBILI: Yes.

CHAIR CATE: Which happens on the natural?

MR. NOBILI: Yes.

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CHAIR CATE: My personal view on that is we could -- frankly, both of you have at various times, you know, expressed the importance of this issue. The Board can do whatever it wants from meeting to meeting. It's a little bit like the mini legislature on that issue. We can change our minds. We can do just the opposite of what we said what we were going to do before. Those are -- you can't

bind the next Board. Every time we get a new member, the complexion changes, and the Board may decide to go a different route than it went before.

I understand for the purposes of PIA planning and for the private sector planning, it would be nice to know, obviously, the best you can what direction you are going.

The other issue is the question of even if PIA has granted a waiver or CDCR granted a waiver and Harvest Farms is selling lunch meats and the winner of the contract is selling lunch meats, the other question is: Does PIA have authority to market to counties during the pendency of this one year, two year or whatever year, whatever the term of this contract is? And if I said three years, it is because I don't know much about the issue as far as how long these kind of contracts go. It wasn't out of trying to signal I thought it would be certain terms.

It seems like those are the two issues before us. You have done a really good job of laying out the concerns of your client and the nature of the issue.

MR. NOBILI: Could I also ask,
25 particularly because of so much uncertainty is going

to be facing this Board, but in particular the PIA and the Department of Corrections. If your accounting system won't allow you to do a deal that partners and benefits other companies and organizations, then it is inevitable it is going to be changing. There is going to be intense pressure, downward pressure, on the PIA's revenue as well as demand for their products. Partnering with private companies to expand your marketplace is going to be

And I would suggest that our middle proposal, which is the most lucrative and best deal for the PIA as well as partners with private sectors that protects those California jobs, might be something the Board should consider also, but yeah. Other than that, you got it.

critical to survive almost.

Thank you. Steve Guy was involved with every one of the meeting discussions, I believe. And so I think maybe he can probably provide a little, add to that.

MR. WALKER: Chair Cate, I'm unaware of our inability to invoice separately. We can do that. Obviously, it is going to be a new thing for us. I don't know that there is anybody in our office or organization that said it can't be done.

There was a lot of other issues that we talked 1 about. Customer service. Who do you call when you 2 3 have a problem? How do you deal with spoiled food? 4 Ultimately, the thing that came back to us was: 5 Does it make our customer's life easier or harder? 6 And the answer was it made it harder. Because there 7 is this confusion about this product that shows up. 8 Who do you call when there is a problem? And so it wasn't that -- theirs was a creative idea. 9 I don't 10 know that there is anything in there that couldn't 11 be done, including the accounting. It would just be 12 a harder path to get there and at the end of the day 13 we thought that it created more confusion for our 14 customers. That was the reason; not that it was a 15 bad proposal or that it couldn't be done. 16 Obviously, competitive bidding. 17

CHAIR CATE: Okay. Mr. Guy.

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MR. GUY: Chairman, Members of the Board. My name is Steve Guy. I am Vice President of operations for Harvest Farms, Good Source Solutions. Harvest Farms is our manufacturing division. reports to me. I attended the January meeting as an observer and tried to understand what is the real challenge, the issues. And I heard very clearly from that meeting that, guys, go get something

worked out. Go figure a way of working together.

When we started off on our series of meetings, we went with a number of intentions. Mark has been a valuable asset to us, but I asked Mark not to attend the meetings. I felt I want to be driving towards a business solution. I felt like so many times we get off into an antagonistic side that we would not get any work done.

And so from the first meeting we said we wanted to go in and approach it. In our first meeting we really tried to address the challenge of -- there were huge areas of trust and the area of fear. The trust side I labeled it 10 percent. There was just so much question mark of what can we believe, what do we do. Those types of fears there. And really there was a fear of what will it be interpreted, how will it take it forward.

We felt those meetings, all five of them, actually were very productive. We were very encouraged from it. We felt that we made good strides. I would say we talked about it in the third meeting; we thought we were about 80 percent there. The way the meetings went.

At the first meeting we presented our proposal about the components. Yes, we talked about -- we

called them hurdles. A number of hurdles we would have to overcome of which the challenge of you can't sell to a for profit -- when we talked about accounting, you can't sell to a for profit company. How would we do the credits? How would we do the managing of the billing? Shipping the product to one, but the facility is getting billed. We identified that there were some complications on that. But we felt there are also still a possibility that that could be done.

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In the second meeting, the counterproposal of coming in and doing the peanut butter and jelly profit work. And when we finished that meeting, we said, okay, let's go through the numbers. Let's try to see where does this lead out and try to go. feeling, as I was leading our team, I said, you know what, I feel like we have come back with something that shows intent that we want to move this thing forward. We don't want to continue this six-year battle of he said she said, who has the right to do, who is going to take the other person out. I wanted to have something to bring forward that we can do. So we went hard at work saying can we make this option work, the peanut butter and jelly.

We came back to the third meeting. We said we

think we can make this fly. But we've expressed all along our concerns of, hey, the hill that we die on is the lunch meat. That is Harvest Farms. We have roughly a hundred employees. And really, as Scott could attest - he walked the facility - there is two basic plants, the meat slicing plant and the assembly. And that's the core of our business. It's simple. And we feel like if we lose in that area on the meat side, we go down.

I've heard the concerns in the, I'll call it, the reprimand. Diversify your business. I would be the first to tell you, absolutely, that's a wise counsel that you provided to us. But I would also say that it's a difficult one, when you're providing a good service and they want more of it, what do you do? We basically have provided a good service and, therefore, the majority of your business happens to be through California Department of Corrections. That's where we sell most of business there.

So for us it's always been that sensitivity around the lunch meat side. That really is our core.

At the third meeting we felt like, okay, we are this close. We'll go to the subcommittee meeting, work out the language. And truthfully I

would tell you if I am at fault for anything, I mishandled that meeting totally. I did not realize it was going to be a meeting where the discussion was going on before we came in. We are going to be brought in just to present our perspective. Don't know what was said. And then dismissed out. And don't know what was discussed and we get an end result. I thought it was going to be much more like the very first meeting where we had 14 people in the room, and we interacted for three hours.

If I misread it, I apologize. But even in that one we were trying to express our concern of we saw all the wording. Gee, the first ten words of that phrase basically can be turned into an ultimate mandate. Take all the business. And it would be nothing we could do because that would be a done deal. Approved. Authorized. We have no further to go.

So when we have submitted the wording or changes that we put in there, we are looking for wording to say was it the intent of the Board to ultimately give the authority to put us out of business, or was the intent to go work out something and come away with it. We inserted the word "peanut butter and jelly," because that was the area we were

focusing on at first. I understand the desire of wanting to look at other opportunities - county, wherever. We inserted the third bullet, at least put something in that says, hey, can't just be done. Because right now the two bullets that just stand alone as they are in the original proposal, our mind is to basically say, okay, we lose the two and a half, \$3,000,000 right now in peanut butter and jelly that go to six and somewhere in the future all the rest is taken. To us it's that clear. where we feel like the battle that's been, I'm going to say, for the last six years I believe that this has been going on.

So we're looking for how can we come in and say we're asking you at least to come back to a full hearing before it's implemented and just done.

Again, I think that our desire, what we felt we wanted to come toward, a working solution. To me what I find difficult or sad out of this whole scenario, we are throwing out ideas left and right. Hey, what about the other possibility of other things we can go down the road? This is what I think should be the effort of our energy.

Literally, meeting four and meeting five, everything focusing on a few words. What words need to be

there? What words shouldn't be there? Where do we go on that? I'd rather have us be focusing our effort on how can we further enhance the partnership.

Again, I also thank the team from PIA. It was a joy actually brainstorming, working together. We really enjoyed that process. So thank you on that.

Hopefully, you will take into consideration what our concern is on the multiple way the words are written.

CHAIR CATE: Thank you, Mr. Guy.

CHAIR CATE: Mr. Nelson, did you --

MR. LOVEALL: Good afternoon, everybody. I am Adam Loveall. I am the political director of UFCW 8. We have a collective bargaining agreement with Harvest Farms. We have worked collaboratively with them over many years to ensure the success of their business in Lancaster, which has a very high unemployment rate and has really a special environment in which we negotiate to keep this part of that economy in place.

This dialogue is very confusing. I want to welcome the new members. I hate to be in your chair right now because this thing is being like a speeding bullet. It is complicated. What isn't

complicated is the impact of this decision, which, frankly, UFCW isn't thrilled with, the parting out of the one segment of the business. But that in the discussion I was in was considered part of the goodwill negotiations, to try get to a satisfying place. The third meeting. The facts were presented, and so here we are with a give-and-take environment. And that what ultimately ended up is a take-take that was offered, and as a reward for that. We offered in -- after our coming back, the language in the meetings four and five is we prefer the whole body. This is the time.

That is not a viable business option for Harvest Farms. That is not a viable economy for the people that work for Harvest Farms, for their families and the community and the small businesses that operate there. I understand healthy market competition and we welcome it, and it is not a problem at all. We've done well in it. What we are not supportive of is an award that your -- one of the corner stones of your consideration and obligation is to do no harm to small business. Harvest Farms is in a tough environment for over 50 years and has created a real employment opportunity for generations of people in Lancaster.

I ask you to -- we offered the arm. Please give us an opportunity to reclaim our body by just doing as Mark Nobili presented and making some minor considerations in the language.

Thank you very much.

CHAIR CATE: Mr. Nelson, do you care to speak?

MR. NELSON: They covered everything. I just would like to thank the working committee for the PIA that we worked with for outstanding -- they came to the table with their heart in the right place. Now it is just a matter of fine tuning some language where we both walk away with a victory and that is why we wanted that language change. I think they all articulated that very well. I thank you for your time.

CHAIR CATE: Thank you, Mr. Nelson.

Before I call for a motion of any kind, I have a couple more questions. Chuck, first one is for you on the Development & Operations Committee recommendation. As I understand, we immediately authorize CALPIA to manufacture all types of boxed lunches and then PIA would grant a purchase exemption or a waiver to the Department of Corrections for the meat lunches for the duration of

the contract. At the end of the contract, however long that is, that would then authorization -- PIA would already be authorized to manufacture lunches.

2.5

Does that mean that from that point forward PIA would begin to manufacture and sell lunches to the Department or would there be any possibility at that time for the private sector to compete with PIA for that market?

MR. PATTILLO: The Department of General Services, the director of General Services can then step in and put this out to competitive bid if they believe that there is — the product is available. This is a very large contract. They could put it out to bid. Require it to go out to bid as long as PIA was included in that competitive bid. So it wouldn't necessary be a slam dunk. Department of General Services, given the amount this is, I would expect them actually to step in at that time.

MEMBER ALMANZA: The way that the government code works, as I understand it, is that the Department of Corrections in this case would ask that the Director of General Services to put it out to bid because it would be cost beneficial to the state to do so.

MR. PATTILLO: At this time they are asking

that the Director of General Services actually has
the authority. We are talking about at the end.

CDCR would not have to ask you that. Just like the
PUC, as an example, when Mr. Klass decided that he

wanted to put out.

MEMBER ALMANZA: Even in that case, if that
was the PUC that requested or asked the Director to
authorize, put it out to bid. So it does have to be
demonstrated to be cost beneficial to the state,
that it would save the state money to do so.

CHAIR CATE: So absent however that would happen, whether that is triggered by the Department or triggered by DGS, in either case there has to be some kind of analysis or request. And absent that, the decision from DGS to go out to bid, then PIA would be able to manufacture meat-type lunches for the Department.

So then and I will open to other questions.

If I can have everyone's indulgence for another minute.

As I understand it, there are three possible routes: The subcommittee's motion or recommendation would be what I kind of just went through. That PIA would be granted immediate authority to begin to make the meat lunches. Allowing them to sell both

-- to sell peanut butter immediately to the prisons and all kinds of lunches elsewhere; and then to begin also selling meat lunches in the prisons absent a decision by California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation to put that matter out to bid at the end of the next contract.

The other second possibility, as I see it, would be that we grant PIA the immediate ability to sell peanut butter and jelly to the prisons and meat products to folks outside the prisons, but we specifically ask PIA to come back and seek Board permission before selling meat products to the prisons at the end of this upcoming contract.

And then the third option would be, basically, the Harvest Farms' option, which would be that PIA can sell peanut butter and jelly in the prisons during the term of this upcoming contract and that's it. And that they would need to come back and ask permission not only to sell meat lunches to the prisons at the end of the upcoming contract, but also presumably to sell meat-type boxed lunches to any other government vendor on the going forward basis.

Those are three different permutations that I've kind of heard. Again, before I take a motion,

and I'm not dictating who gets to go first on this.

I would -- I want to make sure all the Board Members

understand the issue as fully as they need to and

have an opportunity to have their questions

5 answered.

Any questions by the Board about the issues?

MEMBER ALMANZA: I just want to state again that it is important to make the point that this isn't a negotiated -- we are not negotiating a business deal with a specific vendor. This is about whether we want to authorize PIA to expand its business line into boxed lunches, because we do have to go out to open and competitive bid. This is many millions of dollars. The perception that we are negotiating with a particular vendor before it even goes out to bid is problematic.

Of my language. That is what I meant as well; that we recognize that we are currently purchasing in the absence of a contract from Harvest Farms, but it would go to -- obviously, the subsequent contract would go to open bid, and every contract presumably after that would go to open bid.

Thank you for clarifying that. It was my intent.

1 MEMBER CHAPJIAN: If we could have the 2 people identify themselves when they speak, please.

CHAIR CATE: That was the Chair of the Development Committee, Mr. Almanza, that was speaking a second ago.

Any question from folks on the phone?
Any discussion?

MEMBER TRUJILLO: Mr. Chairman, I am still concerned about the ability for us granting an open route for PIA to take without coming back to this Board, not being able to have a public hearing or coming back to this Board for a full recommendation. And it seems to me with this two-year contract that we are talking about, these folks already have that job, and we don't know what the population is going to be in the next two years with the Department of Corrections, with the plan that's been implemented, that you have been working on, Mr. Chairman.

So I still feel very strongly. I was one of the Directors/Board Members who went to Lancaster to actually talk to these folks and looked at the job they were doing. This is kind of a family business. I, as a labor representative for this Board, am going to do everything I can to make sure these public sector jobs aren't taken at this time. If

it's proved to be cost-effective for us in two years, and they are not competitive with their bid, then so be it.

MEMBER KELLY: Board Member Kelly.

Chuck, when we establish an enterprise like we build chairs, furniture, and we want to come up with a new line. Someone comes to us, we want to have a recliner, let's say. We don't have to take that back to the full committee to get that. Okay.

10 | Correct?

MR. PATTILLO: No, we don't, Mr. Kelly.

MEMBER KELLY: If we have to do this for every single enterprise every time we change it, what would that do to our timelines and customer base if we have to -- we want the chair today because we need it. What does that do to it?

MR. PATTILLO: It would be like we are doing now. We've been on this one for three years. So it would -- basically, we wouldn't be able to do any kind of transfer, expansion, whatnot. In this case this is truly not, per se, an expansion of a product. We are packaging stuff that we already have the authority to make.

The Chairman asked for the Board to have the option to look at this also and he also wanted to go

1 back to the Development & Operations committee. Ιt extends our timelines. 3 MEMBER KELLY: Thank you. 4 CHAIR CATE: Any further questions or 5 discussion? MEMBER CHAPJIAN: I will make the motion 6 7 that we support the Development & Operations 8 Committee recommendation. 9 CHAIR CATE: Thank you, Mr. Chapjian. MEMBER MASTELLER: I second the motion. 10 11 This is Member Masteller. 12 CHAIR CATE: We have a motion and a second 13 to support the recommendation of the committee. Without any further discussion on what that means, I 14 15 think we kind of laid out in probably excruciating details what that means and doesn't mean. 16 17 further discussion, though, to anything else? 18 We've a motion and a second. Call the roll, 19 please. 20 MS. GUARE: Member Almanza. 21 MEMBER ALMANZA: Abstain. 22 MS. GUARE: Member Chapjian. 23 MEMBER CHAPJIAN: Yes. 24 MS. GUARE: Member Davidson. MEMBER DAVIDSON: 25 Yes.

1	MS. GUARE: Member Kelly.
2	MEMBER KELLY: Yes.
3	MS. GUARE: Member Masteller.
4	MEMBER MASTELLER: Yes.
5	MS. GUARE: Member Saito.
6	MEMBER SAITO: Yes.
7	MS. GUARE: Member Steeb.
8	MEMBER STEEB: I'm going to abstain since I
9	wasn't part of these discussions.
10	MS. GUARE: Member Singh.
11	MEMBER SINGH: Abstain.
12	MS. GUARE: Member Trujillo.
13	MEMBER TRUJILLO: No.
14	MS. GUARE: Member Woodford.
15	MEMBER WOODFORD: Yes.
16	MS. GUARE: And Chair Cate.
17	CHAIR CATE: Yes.
18	MS. GUARE: We have seven yeses.
19	CHAIR CATE: Is that enough to pass?
20	MS. GUARE: Yes, it is.
21	CHAIR CATE: Turn to the last item,
22	informational items, Mr. Pattillo.
23	MR. PATTILLO: Mr. Chairman and Members,
24	the last item I will actually turn over, back to
25	Mr. Walker. Information items. And we are going to

go through certifications as well as lost hours report.

MR. WALKER: Good afternoon, again. Start with certifications, which is Information Item E. As you know, external certifications continue to be a key element to CALPIA's inmate workers' success upon parole. CALPIA continues to focus on and strengthen this effort.

In the fiscal year to date 365 inmates have completed external accredited certification courses. CALPIA continues to add to accredited certification courses as they are identified. Recently, 60 new courses were added that certify inmates in industrial skills and safety training.

Any questions on the first document I have there?

If you would turn to Page 2. That is where we show our enrollments. Fiscal year to date, 917 inmates have been enrolled in external accredited certification courses, with 462 workers being enrolled in the second quarter. We continue to push the efforts to get them externally certified. It is evidence based. It shows us we give external certifications and GED, and has a significant impact on the recidivism, so we continue to focus there.

1 If you will turn to the third page. It lists 2 our internal proficiency certifications. Fiscal 3 year to date, we've had 533 inmates enrolled to be certified. Published 219 received that 4 5 certification in the second quarter. One of the things we are doing to add more structure to this 6 7 process is we are tying all of these internal 8 certifications to standard occupation codes. So the inmates must demonstrate a skill and ability before 9 10 they are put into a job or given a pay raise. 11 going to be a much more structured process; whereas, 12 in the past it's been kind of hours on the job. they are going to have to demonstrate the skill and 13 14 ability to pass a test before they can move into the 15 next level. 16 Be glad to answer any questions on 17 certifications. 18 CHAIR CATE: Any questions? 19 MEMBER STEEB: Is it possible to get this 20

data measured against years past?

MR. WALKER: Sure.

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MEMBER STEEB: As a regular Board report, if we can see it against years past.

MR. WALKER: Actually, the General Manager asked that we do that at the next Board meeting. So

perfect timing. Kind of line it out to show what we are doing.

Turn to information Item F, lost hours, in your binder. The first page is two pie charts. As you can see, we are comparing the two pie charts located on Page 1.

Total lost hours increased by 2 percent of total when compared to the previous year. The increase resulted in a 1 percent increase in both custody and other lost hours. Custody went to from 6 percent loss to seven and others went from two to three.

The increase in custody lost hours was primarily at two institutions, California State
Prison at Wasco. And what happened there was late last year there was an inmate unrest with expanded population that just really drove those hours up.
Pretty isolated incident. Usually functions pretty well. We got past that and things are back to normal.

The other increase was at Correctional Training Facility. This is probably an impact of AB 109, where we've taken inmates out of what was referred to as the East Dorm, which was kind of the PIA dorm; and we moved them from that dorm into the central

complex. And there is just a lot more things going on in central. So those lost hours and the consequence of that is lost hours have gone up. We are working with the warden down there, Randy, who is a great guy, Randy Grounds, who does a great job, and he's really on a one-man mission to get that East Dorm reopened. So supporting that effort and see what's going to happen. He's doing whatever he can to get those hours down.

If you would turn to Page 6, I can get through the other. There was an increase. Basically, that one's pretty straightforward. It's inclement weather. Second quarter of the year. November and December, a lot of fog lines go on, so that drove that other lost hours.

Turn to Page 8, if there is no questions on that. If you turn to Page 8, inmate assignments. As illustrated in the line chart, CALPIA inmate assignments decreased by 34 assignments in the first quarter to the second quarter. However, there is a slight up-tick in assignments in December, 71 inmate assignments were added primarily at CMC fabric. What is going on there is we have a new contract, our new prospect. I should say CalTrans moisture wicking T-shirts and it is worth a little more than

million dollars. We were to add 40 or 50 more inmates to produce those T-shirts.

MR. PATTILLO: If you look at assignments, this is a direct correlation to revenue. We're talking reduction in the last four years of approximately \$80,00,000 in revenue that we have gone down. So we've lost over a thousand assignments. The only thing I can say about that is that it could have been worse. I think we retained as much as we can. But at a certain point we just need the actual workers that our business can support.

Coming back, we are looking at a few more things right now. We are working with the Undersecretary of Administration who is looking at more service-oriented jobs that are in the institutions and specifically kitchens, more of the landscaping, janitorial, canteen operations. One of our new ones that's taken off now is actually facility maintenance. And facility maintenance seems to be a very hard thing to fill. We got that authorized last year. We've taken over facility maintenance at CMF, at the hospital. Very good job skill. So we are looking at more of the service entities to make those more training positions that

1 we are going to manage on behalf of CDCR. 2 So I appreciate the Undersecretary's assistance on this, in getting this going. 3 4 MR. WALKER: Any questions? I'm done. 5 MR. PATTILLO: If there are no questions, 6 7 our last piece is Eric is going to come back and do 8 a last piece on public affairs. Then if you could 9 hang one second, we've got a presentation for people 10 Telling me what I'm going to do back retiring. 11 here. I'm sorry. Okay. 12 MR. RESLOCK: Eric Reslock, Chief of External Affairs. We have a legislative update and 13 14 just what to take this effort to correct the record. 15 CHAIR CATE: Slow down. 16 MR. RESLOCK: Just trying to be quick. 17 Just want to correct the record. The impact to CDCR is \$8.1 million and LAL number was 1612. So that's 18 19 the ledge update. 20 For public affairs, just want to let you know 21 we have scheduled a graduation at the CIM dive 22 program for June 22nd. That's a Friday and you all 23 are invited. We will be inviting the governor as 24 well.

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Thank you.

MR. PATTILLO: I want to pass on a message from former Member Greenstone. That was actually his cell phone. He was calling on the cell phone. The other day before the Board meeting just called to wish everybody well and to say he appreciates all the cards and notes that he's received from everybody. He is in very good spirits. He appreciates your thoughts and concerns, and asked me to convey that to you.

If I could step back here. Two people here; one hiding his face because he didn't want to be here today, doing what we do and, especially, the folks who have been working at PIA. We have a lot of long-term employees. We have a lot of 20 and 20-plus years. For a staff of less than 600, the number of 20-plus year employees we have in a per capita basis is higher than any state agency. It says something about the people who work here, the longevity.

Two folks that are going to be retiring.

We'll start with Carla Young. Carla Young is

Assistant General Manager of marketing and sales, my
direct report. She has been around for - I checked

with HR --

MS. YOUNG: Twenty-five.

1 MR. PATTILLO: You have three extra years 2 on retirement. 3 MEMBER KELLY: Your pension looks better 4 already. 5 MR. PATTILLO: How long with the State? MS. YOUNG: I started working in 1975. I 6 7 was fortunate enough to be working half time. 8 MR. PATTILLO: Twenty-five; at least 25 with us. 9 10 MEMBER TRUJILLO: Did she have a work 11 permit? 12 MR. PATTILLO: She for the last three years has been the Assistant General Manager of marketing 13 14 and sales. She held about every position in the 15 marketing sales side. And next week is her last week with us. 16 17 The NCIA conference, I will not take a cent of credit. That was Carla and me calling Carla and 18 19 saying, "Guess what? I just volunteered to take on 20 the NCIA conference, and listened to her jaw drop. 21 That conference went off without a hitch, 22 literally without a hitch. It wouldn't have been 23 possible without Carla. She has a staff of 24 marketing and sales reps that are truly devoted to 2.5 not only what we do, but devoted to Carla. It will

1 be a hard position to fill. We've actually been 2 interviewing for a while. Carla's been 3 participating in the replacement. 4 We have a plaque here. It says: 5 Carla Young, we wish you a happy retirement. Sincere appreciation for 6 7 your dedication, loyalty and many years of service to the California Prison 8 9 Industry Authority. (Reading) 10 With that, Carla. 11 MS. GUARE: Does she have a knife in her 12 hand? [Jokingly] That's not on the record. 13 CHAIR CATE: Too late. It's on the 14 record. 15 MS. YOUNG: I would also like to express my gratitude to this Chair, to Chuck and to the whole 16 17 organization of CALPIA. I'm sure as members of this 18 Board you do appreciate how unique we are, how 19 special my staff and the whole group of CALPIA 20 employees like what we're doing. And, in fact, we 21 believe so much in what we do that I don't think 22 there is group of public servants that you would 23 find anywhere that believe more in the mission of 24 what we do. 2.5 We have close and personal contact with the

beneficiaries of what we do. We have inmates that we work with on a daily basis who have come back to us after that they have been released and come back and thank us personally for what this organization does for them.

As far as what it's done for me, I don't know there is another word for "career fulfillment" than this organization. I started working as a state employee a long time ago and did and had fun things and interesting things and challenging things to accomplish. But the basic joy of working in an organization that has results from your daily efforts, and what else can you ask for in terms of a career.

Mr. Walker has been my counterpart in operations. He challenged me in so many different ways. Chuck offered me an opportunity to end my career with taking some of the ideas that I have been doling out along the way. I want to thank all of you for this opportunity to share my success with this organization and appreciate your thoughts.

And also to say that NCIA couldn't have been done without Chuck. He was out there with every single one of those members, trying to ensure that CALPIA supported the national, not just within the

state.

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MR. PATTILLO: Thank you, Carla.

And our second person. If anybody's been on this Board long enough, I think you will recognize Ben Wald as coming to the board meetings. Ben Wald has been our Chief of Accounting for 21 years. Last 21 years?

MR. WALD: Twenty-five years.

MR. PATTILLO: He has 34 years with state service. Ben and I started at the same job, financial auditor in the Department of Finance. He held the same position years ago with the Bureau of State Audits. And he was with the Department of Education for a minute. But he's come to PIA and not only has Ben been the longest serving Chief of Accounting, but he's the only person that's ever served as the Assistant General Manager, act in that position, three times. Three times for me. time he comes in, he refuses to apply for the position, though I begged him, and extended his assignment, everything else. He said you ought to hire somebody else. I want to go back to my accounting job.

He's overseen two transitions of our accounting system over the last 21 years, going

from, as he told me last week, when he first got here we had one computer.

MR. WALD: Personal computer.

MR. PATTILLO: We had one personal computer. And he told me a story last week, that when we were downtown, if you wanted to use the computer, you had to go behind closed doors in this dark room to use a computer. I didn't want to hear any more about that. They had two computers in the entire PIA at one time. Now we -- look at Scott and I. iPads and everything else on our desk. We take this stuff for granted.

Ben has an accounting staff that oversees 26 business units, 26 business lines. He's never complained publicly to me. He does a great job.

And it is another one of those we are really having a lot of difficulty finding someone to replace him because he does have 21 years of institutional knowledge. As we said with Carla and couldn't think of anything better to say to either of you: We wish you a happy retirement. We had a good party the other day. Carla scheduled a full day party on Monday.

With sincere appreciation for your dedication, loyalty and many years of service to the PIA. Thank

you.

MR. WALD: Just a few words. It's a real honor and privilege to work with this organization for so long and to be able to tell this organization story through accounting. I just want to remind people that accounting is not about numbers. It's really about concepts and what I consider myself or what we're doing in accounting - telling our story. And how we tell our story is we have to interact with people in operations, HR, legal and marketing. And when I come to this Board meeting, I come with the focus of what can I learn to tell our story through accounting better.

It's really been rewarding. I've been here for a long time. I've witnessed a lot of growth. I came in the 1980s when CDC, as it was known then, was in a real expansion mode, growing fast. And we were working with bond moneys and we got a loan and tremendous -- we had implementation of division actually back then in Prison Industry Authority. So it's really exciting and challenging times to come this far and be this long and actually use my accounting degree in the way I would hope I'd use it is just rewarding.

I admire this Board, and especially for Chair

Kate to come to this meeting and Chairman Woodford, when she was Chairperson Woodford, was committed as well. That was not always the case. This Board is really committed. It's been an honor to be here.

So thank you for the recognition and it's been some great memories. Thank you.

CHAIR CATE: If I could, just on behalf of my fellow Board Members, I know that they would join me in saying thank you. Thank you to both Carla and Ben for your public service, for your dedication to PIA, for your accomplishments over those years; and I can tell you that we, as a body, remain constantly impressed by the professionalism that our staff provides.

I also know that, as I tour the prisons and I talk to the men and women that work in PIA, that we are making a difference. And while you probably could have made more money doing something else, I personally am grateful that you gave so much of your time and careers to Prison Industry Authority. I think it's been great for public safety. It's terrific for this body, and if there is a little piece that we make humanity better. So I think you can be very proud for what you've accomplished.

Thank you very much.

1	Anything further? Mr. Pattillo?
2	MR. PATTILLO: No, Mr. Chairman.
3	CHAIR CATE: Before we adjourn, I note that
4	we have our ranking Deputy Director in the back,
5	Kathleen Allison. So if you have questions about
6	the Division of Adult Institutions, you can grab
7	Kathleen and ask her everything you want to know
8	about prison operations, but were afraid to ask,
9	over a sandwich.
10	Thank you very much.
11	MS. GUARE: The meeting ends at 1:45 PM.
12	(Hearing concluded at 1:45 p.m.)
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1	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE
2	
3	
4	STATE OF CALIFORNIA) ss.
5	COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO)
6	
7	
8	I, ESTHER F. SCHWARTZ, certify that I was the
9	official Court Reporter for the proceedings named
10	herein, and that as such reporter, I reported in
11	verbatim shorthand writing those proceedings;
12	That I thereafter caused my shorthand writing
13	to be reduced to printed format, and the pages
14	numbered 4 through 85 herein constitute a complete,
15	true and correct record of the proceedings.
16	
17	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have subscribed this
18	certificate at Sacramento, California, on this 30th
19	day of May, 2012.
20	
21	
22	ESTHER F. SCHWARTZ CSR NO. 1564
23	
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25	